# Additional Career Assistance and Educational Outcomes for Students in Lower Track Secondary Schools

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Leading House Lecture - Swiss Leading House on 'Economics of Education, Firm Behaviour and Training Policies' - Zürich

11 April 2017





# Motivation: Career Assistance (Berufsorientierung)

- Additional Career Assistance (ACA): Information, Mentoring, Coaching
  - market chances, learning about one's strengths and weaknesses

ightarrow reduces information asymmetries, realistic assessment of labor

- More than 300 occupations to choose: Difficult Decision at young age
- Higher educational attainment improve labor market chances
  - ightarrow difficult to start apprenticeship with LTSS (Hauptschule) degree
  - $\rightarrow$  educational upgrading rational: here information on MTSS-track coursework (MTSS-CW, Zusatzunterricht)
  - ightarrow Dustmann, Puhani, Schönberg (2016, EJ) mobility between educational tracks
- Pre-vocational training (Übergangssystem): Remedial programs

## Motivation: Behavioral Barriers, Literature

- Concerns about Capability-to-be-trained ('Ausbildungsreife'): High importance of cognitive and non-cognitive skills (Cunha und Heckmann 2007; Solga, Baas, Kohlrausch 2012)
- Lavecchia, Liu, Oreopoulos (2014); Koch, Nafziger, Nielsen (2015): [Behavioral Barriers] Students show a Present Bias and may take poor long-run decisions regarding education and career at young age
  - ightarrow present bias reduces learning efforts among youth
  - → barrier for improving long-run utility
- Relying on routine/risk aversion/social preferences: Continue
   Schooling (salient option) because of specificity of apprenticeship
- Inexpensive information treatments: Decision are maleable
- Here: intensive information treatment

## Motivation: Behavioral Barriers, Literature

- Saniter and Siedler (2014): Introduction of Job Information Centers increases educational attainments and allow for a smoother transition into the labor market; no effects on individuals' earnings
- Fitzenberger and Licklederer (2015): LTSS in City of Freiburg, improvement in career planning and in GPA over last two years of schooling in situation with intensive career guidance policies do not result in a high rate of transitions into apprenticeship
  - $\rightarrow$  transition to 'continuation of schooling' and 'pre-vocational training' dominate

## Contribution: Medium Term Outcomes for LTSS Graduates

- Fitzenberger and Licklederer (2015) analyze first transition after LTSS for sample in City of Freiburg (treatment group for Additional Career Assistance, ACA)
- Survey: Use sample augmented by LTSS students from Surroundings of Freiburg
  - → contrast in career guidance policies
- Analyze Medium-term (during first three years after LTSS) outcomes regarding educational upgrading (MTSS degree) and entry into apprenticeship
- Merge survey data with administrative employment records from IAB
  - $\rightarrow$  allow to impute MTSS degree for many cases

#### Contribution: Results

- ACA no significant effect on final LTSS GPA and significantly negative effect on MTSS degree
- Strong Heterogeneity of Effect Estimates by MTSS-track Coursework (MTSS-CW)
- ACA improves final LTSS GPA for no MTSS-CW by .15 to .26 grade points / no effect for MTSS-CW
- Educational upgrading: MTSS delayed and reduced
   After 3 years: MTSS-CW strong negative effect (-16/-17 ppoints)
   no MTSS-CW positive effect (+ 7-11 ppoints), only for students
   without migration background

## Survey in LTSS's in and around Freiburg

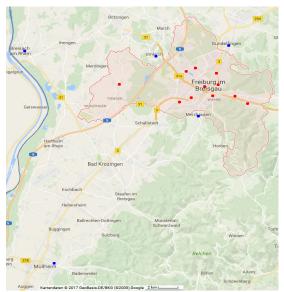
- Own survey among students, parents, and teachers
- Two cohorts of 8th/9th graders: 2007-2009 and 2008-2010
- Grade Point Average (GPA: German, Math)\*
- Further education/start of an apprenticeship\* based on IEB employment records
- n=664 observations (464 from City of Freiburg (CFR), 200 from Surroundings of Freiburg (SFR))
- Additional career assistance (ACA): Intensive treatment in CFR (160 extra hours per year), much less career guidance policies in SFR

<sup>\*</sup> When parents have agreed to using this information.

# Additional Career Assistance (ACA) in CFR

- Intensive treatment (160 extra hours per year) on top of what is offered by teachers and job counselors
- Modules (classroom setting or individualized counseling):
  - Career Planning: SWOT (strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, threats) → desired occupation
  - Knowledge about training occupations and local labor market conditions
  - Job applications
  - Internships
  - Advising parents
  - Simulate practice firm
  - Preparation for assessment tests
  - Importance of cognitive and noncognitive skills

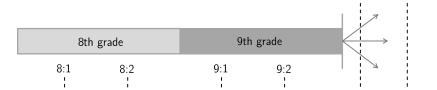
## Location of Treatment (CFR) and Control (SFR) Group



- Red area/dots:
- CFR treatment schools
- Blue dots:

SFR - control schools

# Design of the Survey



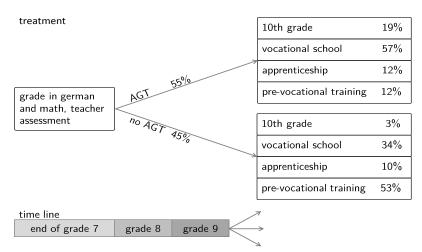
2 cohorts (graduated '09 and '10)

First cohort started survey at 8:2, second cohort started survey at 8:1

½ year

2 years

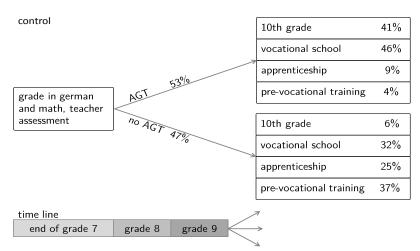
# MTSS-CW and Transitions: Treatment Group (CFR)



Source: Own survey and calculations. CFR: City of Freiburg.

Immediate Transitions after LTSS.

# MTSS-CW and Transitions: Control Group (SFR)



Source: Own survey and calculations. SFR: Surroundings of Freiburg. Immediate Transitions after LTSS.

Table 1: Valid Responses: School based Surveys

Grade and semester	treatment	contro	$  \sum$
8:1	143	78	221
8:2	299	83	382
9:1	327	97	424
9:2	246	108	354
Total N (Persons)	464	200	664

Note: Only those agreeing to merge SIAB data. Only second cohort in 8:1.

Table 2: Valid Responses: After LTSS

year after LTSS $ $ treatment control $ $ $\sum$							
+1	445	153	598 270				
+2	179	91	270				
+3	178	91	269 218				
+4	145	73	218				

Descriptive Statistics by Treatment Status (Averages)

Variable	treatment	control	total	N-nomiss
	group	group		
female	.48	.40	.46	664
migration background (m)	.40	.27	.36	664
MTSS-track coursework	.55	.53	.54	664
father employed	.86	.90	.87	538
father medium/high education	.38	.43	.39	550
GPA Grade 7	3.06	3.09	3.07	644
social and personal	.20	.25	.21	664
competences (teacher)				
share of foreigners in	14.0	9.0	12.5	664
residential area				
10th grade available at LTSS	.63	.73	.66	664
N	464	200	664	

Notes: N-nomiss number of observations for which variable is not missing in total sample. Including imputed values for MTSS-track coursework. Social/personal competences measured on a four-point Likert scale ranging from -1.5 to 1.5.

#### OLS Placebo - Final Grade at End of Grade 7

Dependent Variable:		GF	PA(7)			
treat	028	-	- 156	-	180*	-
	[.121]	-	[.092]	-	[.085]	-
treat* $\bar{m}$	=	062	-	- 139	-	- 177
	-	[.12]	-	[.118]	-	[.111]
treat* <i>m</i>	-	049	-	196**	-	187**
	=	[.12]	-	[.079]	-	[.074]
Migration Background	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Other controls 8:1	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Social/personal comp.	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
R-sq	.00	.02	.09	.09	.17	.17
N	644	644	644	644	644	644

 $\bar{m}$ : no migration background - m: migration background  $\rightarrow$  all outcome regressions will control for GPA(7)

## OLS Placebo - Social and Personal Competences

Dependent Variable:	Social/Personal Competences (8)						
treat	- 056	-	060	-	102	-	
	[.066]	-	[.067]	-	[.071]		
$treat^{m{*}}ar{m}$	=	- 104	-	113	_	135	
	-	[.075]	-	[.076]	_	[.084]	
treat* <i>m</i>	-	.029	-	.018	_	.021	
	-	[.050]	-	[.050]	-	[.055]	
Migration Background	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Other controls 8:1	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
GPA Grade 7	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	
R-sq	.00	.01	.08	.10	.13	.13	
N	664	664	664	664	664	664	

Social/pers. Competences: Teacher Assessment early Grade 8

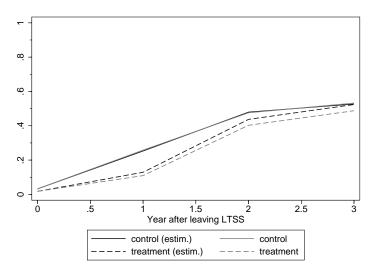
→ all outcome regressions will control for soc-pers-comp

#### OLS Placebo - MTSS-track coursework

Dependent Variable:	MTSS-CW							
treat	.036	-	.007	-	.018	_	.029	_
	[.068]	-	[.049]	-	[.057]	_	[.056]	-
treat* $\bar{m}$	-	.069	_	.028	_	.030	-	.046
	-	[.060]	_	[.051]	_	[.060]	_	[.060]
treat*m	-	.023	-	012	-	011	-	013
	-	[.077]	-	[.062]	-	[.061]	-	[.061]
Migration Background	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Other controls	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
GPA(7)	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Social/personal comp.	No	No	No	No	No	No	Yes	Yes
R-sq	.01	.03	.35	.36	.39	.39	.41	.41
N	664	664	664	664	664	664	664	664

 $\rightarrow$  all outcome regressions will also control for MTSS-CW

## MTSS-Degree: Actual versus Imputed Cumulative Incidence



Note: Observed from survey data/Estimated including imputed shares.

# OLS - Final GPA(9) when Leaving LTSS (Specification 1)

treat	0819	female * MTSS-CW	0471
	[.06]		[.14]
migration background (m)	.1045	m * MTSS-CW	.1009
	[.10]		[.09]
female	.2528**	social/personal comp.	s1326**
	[.10]	(teacher, 8:1/8:2)	[.05]
m * female	0833	father employed	0001
	[.06]		[.08]
share of foreigners in	.0067	father medium/high	edu0911**
		cated	
residential area	[.004]		[.04]
GPA(7)	3786***	10th grade available	0533
	[.07]	at LTSS	[.06]
MTSS-track coursework	4733***		
	[.10]	Other controls	Yes
N	634	R-sq	.475

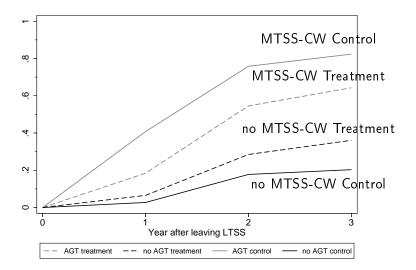
Note: Average GPA in German/Math. German grading scheme 1 to 6.

# OLS - Final *GPA*(9) when Leaving LTSS

Specification 2		Specification 3	
treat * MTSS-CW	.0465	treat * MTSS-CW * m	.0199
	[.06]		[.15]
		treat * MTSS-CW * $\overline{m}$	.0568
			[.07]
treat * no MTSS-CW	228**	treat * no MTSS-CW	2609**
	[.09]		[.11]
		treat * no MTSS-CW * m	0937
			[.18]
Other controls (as in Spec. 1)	Yes	Other controls (as in Spec. 1)	Yes
N	634	N	634
adj. R-sq	0.481	R-sq	0.481

Note: Average GPA in German/Math. German grading scheme 1 to 6. Regression includes dummies for missing data of questionnaires.  $m(\overline{m})$ : (no) migration background.

## Completion of MTSS Degree by MTSS-CW and Treatment



## Treatment Effect on the Completion of MTSS Degree

Fractional Probit for MTSS based on imputed Data

$$P(\textit{mtss}_{\textit{it}} = 1 \mid X_i) = \Phi(\alpha + \tau \cdot \textit{treat} + \gamma \cdot X_i + \eta_s \cdot \textit{imp}_i + \eta_p \cdot \textit{imp}_{\hat{P},i})$$

*impi*: imputation of MTSS degree from SIAB data

 $imp_{\hat{P},i}$ : imputation of MTSS degree if still missing after imputation from SIAB

$$imp_{\hat{P},i} = 0$$
:  $mtss_{it} = 0, 1$ 

 $imp_{\hat{P},i}=1$ :  $mtss_{it}=$  estimated probability for MTSS

For n=52 individuals, we also impute information on participating at MTSS-CW estimated by probit regression (imputation dummy is included).

# Fractional Probit (Average Marginal Effects)

Dependent variable: mtss	Year 1		Yea	ar 2	Year 3		
	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)	
Treat	-0.1025***	-0.0890***	-0.0857	-0.0669	-0.0647	-0.0426	
	[0.04]	[0.03]	[0.08]	[0.05]	[0.06]	[0.04]	
migration background (m)	-0.0281	-0.0781*	0.1974***	0.0881*	0.0775	0.0442	
	[0.05]	[0.04]	[0.06]	[0.05]	[0.05]	[0.05]	
GPA(7)	-0.0019	-0.0342	-0.1478***	-0.1583***	-0.1203***	-0.1278***	
	[0.04]	[0.03]	[0.04]	[0.03]	[0.03]	[0.02]	
MTSS-track coursework	0.1031	0.0472	0.2388***	0.1925**	0.2517***	0.2524***	
	[0.08]	[0.06]	[0.09]	[0.08]	[0.08]	[0.08]	
female * MTSS-CW	0.0731	0.1176*	0.0753	0.0882	0.0459	0.0152	
	[0.09]	[0.06]	[0.07]	[0.07]	[0.06]	[0.07]	
m * MTSS-CW	0.0523	0.0948*	-0.1871**	0.1138*	-0.1050	-0.1073	
	[0.07]	[0.05]	[0.09]	[0.06]	[0.09]	[0.08]	
social and personal competences	0.0920***	0.0820***	0.0635	0.0804***	0.1029**	0.0912***	
(teacher, 8:1/8:2)	[0.03]	[0.03]	[0.04]	[0.03]	[0.05]	[0.03]	
father medium/high educated	0.0202	0.0058	0.1150***	0.1206***	0.1097***	0.1351***	
	[0.04]	[0.03]	[0.02]	[0.02]	[0.04]	[0.02]	
10th grade available	0.0592*	0.0269	0.0443	0.0098	0.0622	0.0565	
at LTSS	[0.03]	[0.03]	[0.05]	[0.05]	[0.04]	[0.04]	
Other controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
N	407	648	407	648	407	648	

Note: Regression includes dummies for imputation based on IABS data or Probit.

# Fractional Probit (Average Marginal Effects)

Dependent variable: mtss	Year 1		Υ	ear 2	Year 3		
	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)	
treat * MTSS-CW	-0.1558***	-0.1431***	-0.1706	-0.1746**	-0.1639*	-0.1680***	
	[0.05]	[0.04]	[0.11]	[80.0]	[0.09]	[0.06]	
treat * no MTSS-CW	0.0827	0.0645	0 0662	0 0913**	0.0735	0.1065**	
	[80.0]	[0.05]	[80.0]	[0.04]	[0.07]	[0.05]	
Fixed effects imputation MTSS							
imputation dummy MTSS IEB	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
imputation dummy MTSS Probit	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	
Other controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
N	407	648	407	648	407	648	
Pseudo-Rsq	0.209	0.228	0.213	0.198	0.217	0.203	

Note: Same specification as before, except that Treatment is interacted with MTSS-CW

# Fractional Probit (Average Marginal Effects)

Dependent variable: mtss	Yea	ar 1	Year	r 2, 3
	(1)	(2)	(1)	(2)
treat * $\overline{m}$ * MTSS-CW	-0.1941***	-0.1827***	-0.1416	-0.1688**
	[0.06]	[0.05]	[0.10]	[0.08]
treat * m * MTSS-CW	-0.0628	-0.0411	-0.2419**	-0.1870***
	[0.05]	[0.05]	[0.11]	[0.07]
treat * $\overline{m}$ * no MTSS-CW	=	=	0.1643***	0.1840***
	-	-	[0.06]	[0.04]
treat * m * no MTSS-CW	=	=	-0.0556	-0.0231
	-	-	[0.11]	[0.08]
Year 3 Dummy	-	-	0.0761***	0.0843***
	-	-	[0.01]	[0.02]
Fixed effects imputation MTSS				
imputation dummy MTSS IEB	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
imputation dummy MTSS Probit	No	Yes	No	Yes
Other controls	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
N	407	648	407	648
Pseudo-Rsq	0.220	0.237	0.218	0.203

Note: Same specification as before, except treatment interacted with MTSS-CW and m.

#### Conclusions I

- Survey data merged with administrative employment records using refined imputation provides unique opportunities to study path of post LTSS outcomes
- ullet Contrast between Treatment (ACA: Intensive career guidance) and Nontreatment (Standard career guidance) o account for contrast City / Surroundings
- Interaction with MTSS-CW as intention of educational upgrading is crucial.
- ACA causes students to reverse their education/career plans → Heterogeneity of treatment effects by participation in MTSS-CW
- ACA improves final LTSS GPA for no MTSS-CW by .15 to .26 grade points / no effect for MTSS-CW

#### Conclusions II

- Educational upgrading: MTSS delayed and reduced
   After 3 years: MTSS-CW strong negative effect (-16/-17 ppoints)
   no MTSS-CW positive effect (+ 7-11 ppoints), only for students
   without migration background
- Effect estimates worse for students with migration background
- Further Robustness Checks:
  - ightarrow Availability of 10th grade at LTSS no effect after 1st year
  - ightarrow Results robust to including Distance from FR Center